## A BRIEF HISTORY OF WEARABLE COMPUTING.

Foundations (F): Thinkers, innovations, and experiments that helped pave the way for wearable computers.

Complete Systems (C): Complete wearable computers (general or special purpose)

- 1268 (F): Earliest recorded mention of eyeglasses
  1665 (F): Robert Hooke calls for augmented senses
- 1762 (F): John Harrison invents the pocket watch
- 1907 (F): Aviator Alberto Santos-Dumont commissions the creation of the first wristwatch
- 1945 (F): Vannevar Bush proposes the idea of a "Memex" in his article "As We May Think" [MIT]
- 1960 (F): Heilig patents a head-mounted stereophonic television display
- 1960 (F): Manfred Clynes coins the word "Cyborg"
- 1966 (C): Ed Thorp and Claude Shannon reveal their invention of the first wearable computer, used to predict roulette wheels [MIT]
- 1966 (F): Sutherland creates first computer-based head-mounted display [MIT]
- 1967 (F): Bell Helicopter experiments with HMDs with input from servo-controlled cameras [Bell Helicopter]
- 1967 (C): Hubert Upton invents analogue wearable computer with eyeglass-mounted display to aid lipreading [Bell Helicopter]
- 1968 (F): Douglas Engelbart demonstrates chording keyboard in NLS (oN Line System) [SRI]
- 1972 (C): Alan Lewis invents a digital camera-case computer to predict roulette wheels [Cal Tech]
- 1977 (C): CC Collins develops wearable camera-to-tactile vest for the blind [Smith-Kettlewell]
- 1977 (C): HP releases the HP 01 algebraic calculator watch [Hewlett-Packard]
- 1978 (C): Eudaemonic Enterprises invents a digital wearable computer in a shoe to predict roulette wheels [Eudaemonic Enterprises]
- 1979 (F): Sony introduces the Walkman [Sony]
- 1980 (F): Upton and Goodman file for patent on LED raster display [Textron, Inc]
- 1981 (C): Steve Mann designs backpack-mounted computer to control photographic equipment
- 1983 (C): Taft commercializes toe-operated computers based on Z-80's for counting cards
- 1984 (F): William Gibson writes Neuromancer
- 1986 (C): Steve Roberts builds Winnebiko II, a recumbent bicycle with on-board computer and chording keyboard
- 1987 (F): The movie Terminator is released
- 1989 (F): Private Eye head-mounted display sold by Reflection Technology [Reflection Tech]
- 1990 (C): Gerald Maguire and John Ioannidis demonstrate the Student Electronic Notebook, with Private Eye and mobile IP [Columbia]
- 1990 (F): Olivetti develops an active badge system, using infrared signals to communicate a person's location [Olivetti]
- 1991 (C): Doug Platt debuts his 286-based "Hip-PC" [Select Tech]
- 1991 (C): CMU team develops VuMan 1 for viewing and browsing blueprint data [CMU]
- 1991 (F): Mark Weiser proposes idea of Ubiquitous Computing in Scientific American [Xerox PARC]
- 1993 (C): Thad Starner starts constantly wearing his computer, based on Doug Platt's design [MIT]
- 1993 (C): BBN finishes the Pathfinder system, a wearable computer with GPS and radiation detection system [BBN]
- 1993 (F): Thad Starner writes first version of the Remembrance Agent augmented memory software [MIT]
- 1993 (F): Feiner, MacIntyre, and Seligmann develop the KARMA augmented reality system [Columbia]
- 1994 (C): Lamming and Flynn develop "Forget-Me-Not" system, a continuous personal recording system [Xerox EuroPARC]
- 1994 (C): Edgar Matias debuts a "wrist computer" with half-QWERTY keyboard
- 1994 (F): DARPA starts Smart Modules Program
- 1994 (F): Steve Mann starts transmitting images from a head-mounted camera to the Web [MIT]
- 1996 (F): DARPA sponsors "Wearables in 2005" workshop
- 1996 (F): Boeing hosts wearables conference in Seatle
- 1997 (F): Creapôle Ecole de Création and Alex Pentland produce Smart Clothes Fashion Show
- 1997 (F): CMU, MIT, and Georgia Tech co-host the first IEEE International Symposium on Wearables Computers